APPENDIX No. IX.

Form of Annual Return of Water-rates, &c., recovered by the Revenue Department.

Kharif (or Rabi) Season.

No._____

Return for the year 18 —18 in respect of the _____ District _____ 18 . , forwarded to the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bombay, and the Superintending Engineer, _____, in accordance with Canal Rule 38.

_____

Collector.

Kharif (or Rabi) Season.

Return of Arrears and Assessments, &c., in respect of (1) *Water-rates*, (2) *Miscellaneous Receipts from Canals, &c., in the* _____ *District, Sind, during the year 18 —18 .*

Canals.	Water-rate from Irrigation.								Miscellaneous Receipts.										Total actual Receipts during year on account of distinct Water-rates and Miscellaneous Receipts.	Remarks.
	Assessments.					Remissions during year.		Actual Receipts during year.	Owner's Rates on Irrigated land.	Sales of Water.	Water-supply of Towns.	Plantations.	Other Canal Produce.	Water Power.	Navigation.	Rents of Buildings.	Fines.	Miscellaneous.		
	Unrealized Balance at the end of last year.	Assessment during current year.		Total.	Unrealized Balance at the end of current year.															
	Amount.	Acres	Amount.	Amount.	Amount.	Acres.	Amount.													
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21

_____

_____ 18 .

_____ Collector.

RULES FOR THE PREPARATION OF LISTS OF PERSONS BOUND TO ASSIST IN THE EXECUTION OF WORK ON THE OCCASION OF AN EMERGENCY.

Notn. No. 14, Public Works, dated 27th October 1883, B. G. G., 1883, Pt. I, p. 857.

Under Section 70 of the Bombay Irrigation Act, 1879, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following Rules for regulating the preparation of lists of persons bound, under Section 58 of the said Act, to assist in the execution of work on the occasion of an emergency :—

"In exercise of the power conferred by Section 70 of the Bombay Irrigation Act, 1879, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following Rules for regulating the preparation of lists of persons bound, under Section 58 of the said Act, to assist in the execution of work on the occasion of an emergency (namely):—

List when to be prepared.

1. Whenever it appears to a Canal Officer duly empowered to act under Section 58 of the Act, that circumstances may probably arise which will render it necessary for the provisions of that section to be put into operation for the execution of any repair, clearance or work which is being or is about to be carried on by the Irrigation Department, he shall communicate with the Collector, who shall thereupon cause a list to be prepared of the able-bodied persons to whom the said provisions are applicable.

The list so prepared may from time to time be revised and amended.

Area for which the list should be prepared.

2. The list shall include the names of persons holding land or resident within such distance from the locality of the repair, clearance or work as the Collector, having regard to the number of persons likely to be required to assist at such repair, clearance or work, shall think proper.

Classes of persons to be included or exempted.

3. The list shall contain the name of every able-bodied man or woman, who holds land within the area fixed by the Collector, under the last preceding rule, or who resides within the said area, and earns his or her livelihood by manual labour : Provided that—

(*a*) the names of persons who appear to the Collector to be under sixteen or over fifty years of age shall be omitted, and

(*b*) any land-holder who is unaccustomed to manual labour shall be permitted, when called to assist at any repair, clearance or work, to furnish as a substitute any able-bodied person whose name is not on the list.

Publication of names included in the list.

4. The Collector shall cause the names of the persons holding land or resident in each village within the area fixed under Rule 2, included in the list, to be posted up in the chávdi or on some other public building in such village, and to be proclaimed in the village by beat of drum.

Hearing of objections.

5. Any person whose name is entered in the list may apply in writing to the Collector to have his name removed therefrom. The Collector, after such inquiry (if any) as he thinks necessary, shall record his decision in writing for either rejecting or granting the application.

Subject, as provided in Section 67 of the Act, to the supervision and control of the Commissioner of the Division, the Collector's order shall be final.

6. In these Rules the word 'Collector' shall include any officer appointed by the Governor in Council to exercise the power of a Collector under Section 59 of the Act."

RULES FOR THE SUPPLY OF WATER TO THE MILITARY CANTONMENT AND CIVIL STATION OF POONA.

Notn. No. 8, Public Works, dated 24th September 1897, B. G. G., 1897, p. 1678.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 70 of the Bombay Irrigation Act, 1879, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to finally approve and sanction the following revised rules for regulating the supply of water to the Military Cantonment and Civil Station of Poona in supersession of the rules published in Notification No. 17 at page 948 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* for 1879, Part I. The revised rules will come into force from 1st January 1898 :—

RULES FOR THE SUPPLY OF WATER TO THE MILITARY CANTONMENT AND CIVIL STATION OF POONA.

I.—The Executive Engineer for Irrigation, Poona, is responsible for all matters connected with the Poona Water-supply.

II.—Unless by the orders of Government water shall not be supplied for any purpose whatsoever save on payment by meter, except under Rule V and in the special cases of the supply to certain public tanks sanctioned under Government Resolution No. 173 W. I.—453, dated 7th November 1877, paragraph 3.

III.—(*a*) The charge for water as determined by meter shall ordinarily be at the rate of 6 annas per 1,000 gallons, in which case the applicant shall bear the cost of the necessary connections and lay down the service pipes. But when the connections are made and the service pipes laid down at the Government expense by the Irrigation Department, the charge shall be at the rate of 8 annas per 1,000 gallons.

(*b*) The total monthly charge under this Rule shall be subject to the following minimum, in addition to the meter rent as per Rule IV :

	Rs.	a.	p.	
½ inch pipes	1	8	0	per month.
¾ „	2	0	0	„
1 „	3	0	0	„

IV.—The meters will be provided and fixed at Government expense, and a charge of 8 annas per month shall be levied as rent for each meter in addition to the charge for water calculated as above.

V.—(*a*) For small houses in the several bazárs and their vicinities, and in special cases (to be sanctioned by the Chief or Superintending Engineer,

C. D.) for certain small houses without gardens elsewhere, the rates shall generally be according to the diameter of the attachment, as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.	
$\frac{3}{8}$ inch attachment	1	0	0	per month.
$\frac{1}{2}$ „ „	1	6	0	„
$\frac{3}{4}$ „ „	2	0	0	„
1 „ „	3	0	0	„

(*b*) The above rates shall be paid for the draw off from one point only, that is, from one stand-post, one tap or any other method of draw-off from the private pipe attached to the Poona water-supply main.

(*c*) The same rates shall be paid for every additional stand-post, tap or other method of draw-off from the same attachment.

VI.—(*a*) When a house is unoccupied and the owner not in receipt of rent for the property, only one-half the rates in Rule V shall be charged.

(*b*) The Executive Engineer for Irrigation shall, if he considers it advisable, order the attachment cock to a vacant house to be closed, in which case no charge shall be made for water. The charge for re-admitting water to a house shall be half the rates fixed for new attachments as laid down in Rule XI.

VII.—Should it appear advisable to the Executive Engineer, a meter may be affixed to the service pipes from any attachments coming under Rule V, and after a clear month's notice, with the sanction of the Chief or Superintending Engineer, C. D., the charge may be made under Rules III and IV for the water-supply.

VIII.—The meters shall, wherever practicable, be placed inside the compound or premises of the landlord or occupier, and when so placed the landlord shall be held responsible for any damage to the meter, and shall be liable on account of the cost of all repairs, except those due to fair wear and tear.

IX.—If on examination any meter shall be found to be out of order, and consequently not registering correctly, the consumption during the period since the last reading till a proper meter is attached shall be calculated at the average daily consumption of the last registered period during which, in the opinion of the Executive Engineer, the meter was registering correctly, and the consumption of water was not for any reason abnormal.

X.—The water rate and meter rent is to be collected either monthly or quarterly, at the discretion of the Executive Engineer, by bills prepared in his office. In order to facilitate the adjustment of accounts between landlords and tenants, the Executive Engineer will, when called upon in writing, furnish a memorandum showing the consumption and probable charges on account of water rate and meter rent for any broken period of the month or quarter since the preparation of the last bill in his office.

XI.—(*a*) Application for attachments to be made to the Executive Engineer for Irrigation, Poona, who is authorized of himself to comply with applications from the owners of the property, who are required to lodge the cost of the attachment and to sign an agreement promising to pay for the water-supply under the rules and at the rates sanctioned by Government from time to time. In any other cases, the special sanction of the Chief or Superintending Engineer, C. D., must be previously obtained.

(*b*) The fees to be paid in advance for making attachments shall be as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
$\frac{3}{8}$ inch attachment	1	8	0
$\frac{1}{2}$ „ „	1	8	0
$\frac{3}{4}$ „ „	2	0	0
1 „ „	2	8	0
$1\frac{1}{2}$ „ „	5	0	0

(*c*) In the case of attachments having to be temporarily closed at the request of the owner, a charge shall be made at half of the above rates paid in advance, and shall include the cost of closing and re-opening the attachment.

XII.—The Executive Engineer for Irrigation, Poona, shall have power to cut off the connection between the private pipes and the public main in any of the following events.

1st.—In default of payment of water rates and meter rents, or of any bill submitted on account of repairs to meters, under Rule IV, within twenty days after the same shall have been demanded in writing.

2nd.—If any house-owner or occupier who is supplied with water under Rule V shall permit the supply of water to other than those persons residing on the premises, or shall use the water for purposes in violation of the conditions on which it is granted, provided that six days' printed or written notice be given previously from the Executive Engineer's office.

3rd.—In cases of leakage of pipes or other defects in the private service arrangements likely to cause loss to Government, provided that forty-eight hours' notice be given previously from the Executive Engineer's office.

4th.—If water, not charged for by meter, shall be allowed to run to waste after the owner or occupier shall have been warned in a printed or written notice from the Executive Engineer's office not to allow it to do so.

5th.—In the case of broken pipes or fittings causing loss of water likely to cause damage to property, when such notice as may be possible shall be given.

6th.—In the case of refusal to allow the Executive Engineer or his authorized agent to enter on any land or building for the purpose of inspecting service pipes, fittings, &c.

[a] *7th.*—If the house-owner fails to imbed pipes which are exposed or lie above the ground surface or to remove pipes from situations where in the Executive Engineer's opinion the water-supply is liable to contamination, in each case within a period of one month from date of issue of a written notice from the Executive Engineer's office. This clause applies only to cases where the pipes have been laid by landlords or occupiers and where under the rules they are responsible for defects in the same.[a]

[a-a] This clause was added by G. N. No. 1, Public Works, dated 26th February 1902, *B. G. G.*, 1902, Pt. I, p. 344.

XIII.—The Executive Engineer for Irrigation shall have the power to open any road for the purpose of laying new mains, service pipes to private houses, or for any purpose in connection with the distribution of water, and shall be responsible for the efficient repairs to the road, drains or any structure that has to be removed in order to carry out the work referred to.

XIV.—Service pipes to private properties shall be laid by plumbers selected by the Executive Engineer for Irrigation under conditions and rules approved by the Chief or Superintending Engineer, Central Division, and the final connection between the private service pipes and the Poona water-supply mains shall not be allowed until the work has been inspected and passed by the Executive Engineer or his authorized agent.

XV.—Landlords or owners of property shall be solely responsible for the payment of all charges preferred under the above rules. The Executive Engineer for Irrigation may however receive payment by (1) an agent, or (2) a tenant, duly authorized by the owner of the house or property, who in any case shall be held responsible in default of payment by his agent or tenant.

[a] If any payments due under these rules on a house or property which is sold or whose ownership is transferred remain in arrears the supply of water shall be stopped until the arrears are cleared[a].

XVI.—Nothing contained in the above rules shall hinder the prosecution of any person under Act VII of 1879 for any act or omission made punishable under the provisions of the said Act.

RULES FOR REGULATING THE WATER SUPPLY OF THE MILITARY CANTONMENT OF KIRKEE.

Notn. No. A-98, Public Works, dated 16th October 1901, B. G. G., 1901, Pt. I, p. 2068.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to hereby accord final sanction to the following rules for regulating the water-supply of the Military Cantonment of Kirkee, which should come into force from this day :—

I.—The Executive Engineer for Irrigation, Poona, is responsible for all matters connected with the Kirkee Water-supply.

II.—Unless by the orders of Government water shall not be supplied for any purpose whatsoever save on payment by meter, except under Rule V.

III.—(*a*) The charge for water as determined by meter shall ordinarily be at the rate of 4 annas per 1,000 gallons, in which case the applicant shall bear the cost of the necessary connections and lay down the service pipes. But when the connections are made and the service pipes laid down, at the Government expense by the Irrigation Department the charge shall be at the rate of 6 annas per 1,000 gallons.

(*b*)—The total monthly charge under this rule shall be subject to the following minimum, in addition to the meter rent as per Rule IV :—

		Rs.	a.	p.	
½ inch pipes	...	... 1	0	0	per month.
¾ „	...	... 1	8	0	„
1 „	...	... 2	4	0	„

[a-a] This sentence was added by G. N. No. 1, Public Works, dated 26th February 1902, *B. G. G.*, 1902, Pt. I, p. 344.

IV.—The meters will be provided and fixed at Government expense, and a charge of 8 annas per month shall be levied as rent for each meter in addition to the charge for water calculated as above.

V.—(*a*)—For small houses in the several bazárs and their vicinities, and in special cases (to be sanctioned by the Chief or Superintending Engineer, C. D.) for certain small houses without gardens elsewhere, the rates shall generally be according to the diameter of the attachment, measured at in point not less than 5 feet from the main, as follows:—

		Rs.	a.	p.	
$\frac{3}{8}$ inch attachment	...	1	0	0	per month.
$\frac{1}{2}$ " " ...	...	1	6	0	"
$\frac{3}{4}$ " " ...	...	2	0	0	"
1 " " ...	...	3	0	0	"

(*b*).—The above rates shall be paid for the draw-off from one point only that is from one stand post, one tap or any other method of draw-off from the private pipe attached to the Kirkee Water-supply main.

(*c*)—The same rates shall be paid for every additional stand-post, tap or other method of draw-off from the same attachment.

VI.—(*a*)—When a house is unoccupied and the owner not in receipt of rent for the property, only one-half the rates in Rule V shall be charged.

(*b*).—The Executive Engineer for Irrigation shall, if he considers it advisable, order the attachment cock to a vacant house to be closed, in which case no charge shall be made for water. The charge for re-admitting water to a house shall be half the rates fixed for new attachments as laid down in Rule XI.

VII.—Should it appear advisable to the Executive Engineer, a meter may be affixed to the service pipes from any attachments coming under Rule V, and after a clear month's notice, with the sanction of the Chief or Superintending Engineer, C. D., the charge may be made under Rules III and IV for the water-supply.

VIII.—The meters shall, wherever practicable, be placed inside the compound or premises of the landlord or occupier, and when so placed the landlord shall be held responsible for any damage to the meter, and shall be liable on account of the cost of all repairs, except those due to fair wear and tear.

IX.—If on examination any meter shall be found to be out of order, and consequently not registering correctly, the consumption during the period since the last reading till a proper meter is attached shall be calculated at the average daily consumption of the last registered period during which, in the opinion of the Executive Engineer, the meter was registering correctly, and the consumption of water was not for any reason abnormal.

X.—The water rate and meter rent is to be collected either monthly or quarterly, at the discretion of the Executive Engineer, by bills prepared in his office. In order to facilitate the adjustment of accounts between landlords and tenants, the Executive Engineer will, when called upon in writing, furnish a memorandum showing the consumption and probable charges on account of water rate and meter rent for any broken period of the month or quarter since the preparation of the last bill in his office.

XI.—(*a*)—Application for attachments to be made to the Executive Engineer for Irrigation, Poona, who is authorized of himself to comply with applications from the owners of the property, who are required to lodge the cost of the attachment and to sign an agreement promising to pay for the water-supply under the rules and at the rates sanctioned by Government from time to time. In any other cases the special sanction of the Chief or Superintending Engineer, C. D., must be previously obtained. This application to be accompanied by the written sanction of the Cantonment Committee to the attachment which shall state the number of taps to be given and the position of such taps.

(*b*).—The fees to be paid in advance for making attachments shall be as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
$\frac{3}{8}$ inch attachment ...	1	8	0
$\frac{1}{2}$ „ „ ...	1	8	0
$\frac{3}{4}$ „ „	2	0	0
1 „ „	2	8	0
$1\frac{1}{2}$ „ „	5	0	0

(*c*).—In the case of attachments having to be temporarily closed at the request of the owner, a charge shall be made at half of the above rates paid in advance, and shall include the cost of closing and re-opening the attachment.

XII.—The Executive Engineer for Irrigation, Poona, shall have power to cut off the connection between the private pipes and the public main in any of the following events:—

1st.—In default of payment of water rates and meter rents, or of any bill submitted on account of repairs to meters, under Rule IV, within twenty days after the same shall have been demanded in writing.

2nd.—If any house-owner or occupier who is supplied with water under Rule V shall permit the supply of water to other than those persons residing on the premises, or shall use the water for purposes in violation of the conditions on which it is granted, provided that six days' printed or written notice be given previously from the Executive Engineer's office.

3rd.—In cases of leakage of pipe or other defects in the private service arrangements likely to cause loss to Government, provided that forty-eight hours' notice be given previously from the Executive Engineer's office.

4th.—If water, not charged for by meter, shall be allowed to run to waste after the owner or occupier shall have been warned in a printed or written notice from the Executive Engineer's office not to allow it to do so.

5th.—In the case of broken pipes or fittings causing loss of water likely to cause damage to property, when such notice as may be possible shall be given.

6th.—In the case of refusal to allow the Executive Engineer or his authorized agent to enter on any land or building for the purpose of inspecting service pipes, fittings, &c.

7th.—If the house-owner fails to imbed pipes which are exposed or lie above ground surface, or to remove pipes from situations where, in the Executive Engineer's opinion, the water-supply is liable to contamination, in each case

within a period of one month from date of issue of a written notice from the Executive Engineer's office. This clause applies only in cases where the pipes have been laid by landlords or occupiers and where under the rules, they are responsible for defects in the same.

XIII.—The Executive Engineer for Irrigation shall have the power to open any road for the purpose of laying new mains, service pipes to private houses, or for any purpose in connection with the distribution of water, and shall be responsible for the efficient repairs to the road, drains or any structure that has to be removed in order to carry out the work referred to.

XIV.—Service pipes to private properties shall be laid by plumbers selected by the Executive Engineer for Irrigation under conditions and rules approved by the Chief or Superintending Engineer, Central Division, and the final connection between the private service pipes and the Kirkee water-supply mains shall not be allowed until the work has been inspected and passed by the Executive Engineer or his authorized agent.

XV.—Landlords or owners of property shall be solely responsible for the payment of all charges preferred under the above rules. The Executive Engineer for Irrigation may however receive payment by (1) an agent, or (2) a tenant, duly authorized by the owner of the house or property, who in any case shall be held responsible in default of payment by his agent or tenant. If any payments due under these rules on a house or property which is sold, or whose ownership is transferred, remain in arrears, the supply of water shall be stopped until the arrears are cleared.

XVI.—Nothing contained in the above rules shall hinder the prosecution of any person under Act VII of 1879 for any act or omission made punishable under the provisions of the said Act.

Rules for the administration of the Jamrao Canal in Sind.

Notn. No. 6, Public Works, dated 17th December 1901, B. G. G., 1901, Pt. I, p. 2540.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 70 of the Bombay Irrigation Act, 1879, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules to be adopted for the administration of the Jamrao Canal in the Province of Sind :—

1. All questions regarding priority of right to receive the available supply and the quantity and regulation of supply shall be finally determined by the Executive Engineer of the district.

2. No canal shall be closed for the execution of any repairs, alterations, or additions thereto, except in cases of emergency without the previous sanction of the Superintending Engineer, who shall fix the period or periods for which the supply of water may be stopped under Section 28 (*e*) on account of the execution of such repairs, &c. In cases of emergency, a canal may be closed, and the said period or periods may be fixed by the Canal Officer of highest rank on the spot.

Except in cases of emergency, canal not to be closed without sanction of the Superintending Engineer.

Rate leviable for the supply of water obtained without permission.

3. If a supply of water is obtained by any person from a canal for the purpose of irrigation without the previous permission of the Executive Engineer of the district, the rate chargeable for such water shall be double the rate chargeable for the authorised irrigation of the area irrigated, and this rate shall be leviable in addition to any penalty which may be imposed under the Act.

For non-irrigational purposes, rates will be charged for by volume or otherwise.

4. Water supplied from a canal for any purpose other than irrigation will be charged for by volume, or otherwise, at such rates as Government from time to time determine.

Charge to be imposed when water supplied through a water-course is unauthorisedly used or suffered to run to waste.

5. The charges to be made under Sections 45 and 46, on account of water supplied through a water-course used in an unauthorised manner, or suffered to run to waste, shall be as follows, namely :

(i) Ordinary flooding of land.

A sum calculated at such rate per acre or portion of an acre of the land over which the water has flowed as the Executive Engineer shall fix, the same not exceeding double the highest rate of assessment leviable in respect of cultivated land in the vicinity.

(ii) In any other case.

Double the rate chargeable under Rule 4 on the volume of water estimated by the Executive Engineer to have been used or wasted.

Appeals against orders under Rule 5.

6. Every order passed by the Executive Engineer under Rule 5 shall be appealable to the Collector. Provided always that the appeal be presented within thirty days of the date on which the order appealed against was communicated to the appellant.

Manner of preferring appeals.

7. All appeals preferred under the Act or under these rules must be made by written petition signed by the appellant. Such petition may be delivered at the office of the authority appealed to by the appellant in person during office hours or be forwarded through the post.

Free-grants of water-supply.

8. Applications for free-grants of water-supply shall be referred for the orders of Government in the Public Works Department, and no such grant shall be made without the previous sanction of Government.

Readings of water-gauges and meters set up by the Public Works Department to be accepted as authoritative.

9. In cases of dispute regarding water-supply, or remission, or abatement of water-rate, the water-gauges and meters set up by the Public Works Department shall, if certified by the Executive Engineer of the district to have been in good order during the period to which the dispute relates, be held to furnish authoritative data for all calculations of discharge.

Certain acts forbidden to Canal Officers, &c.

10. No Canal officer or other officer or subordinate in the Department shall,—

(1) Acquire, directly or indirectly, any share or interest in the distribution of water from any canal.

(2) Purchase or bid, either in person or by agent, or in his own name or in the name of another, jointly or in shares with others, for any Government property in, on or appertaining to, any canal.

Breach of this rule shall be punishable with a penalty under Section 61, clause (9), of the Act.

11. When separate water-rates have not been fixed by Government, but a consolidated soil and water-rate is levied, the Collector shall furnish the Superintending Engineer, through the Executive Engineer of the district and the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, with an annual general Return of consolidated Revenue in the form of Appendix No. VIII, as soon after the close of the year as possible.

Annual Return No. VIII.

12. The Collectors in Sind shall furnish the Superintending Engineer and the Examiner of Public Works Accounts on the 15th April of each year with Returns in the form of Appendix No. IX for kharif and rabi, respectively, of receipts from hakabo on jágkir lands and of miscellaneous receipts from canals.

Annual Return No. IX.

RULES AND ORDERS UNDER BOMBAY ACT I OF 1880.

(Khoti Settlement.)

RULES UNDER CLAUSES (*a*), (*b*), (*e*) AND (*f*) OF SECTION 40 OF THE ACT.

Notn. No. 1659, Revenue, dated 11th March 1882, B. G. G., 1882, Pt. I, p. 262.

In exercise of the power conferred on him in this behalf under Section 40 of the Khoti Settlement Act, 1880 (Bombay Act I of 1880), the Governor in Council is pleased to frame the following Rules under Clauses (*a*), (*b*), (*e*) and (*f*) of that Section (namely) :—

Crop Appraisement Rules under Clause (a).

[a] I. Whenever the rent payable to the khot consists of a share of the produce of the tenant's land, the amount of produce claimable by the khot shall be ascertained by an estimate of the probable yield of the crop of each field to be made by the khot on an inspection of the crop a reasonable time before the same is ready for reaping in the presence of the tenant, or a member of his family appointed by him in writing for that purpose, or his legally appointed agent, and of two respectable witnesses, one of whom is able to read and write, provided that unless the tenant otherwise desires the khot shall inspect and appraise the crops specified below on or before the dates entered below :—

Halwa Nágli.—On or before the 10th September.

Other Halwa crops.—On or before the 1st October.

[ ] New Rules were substituted for the original Rules I, III, IV, V, VI, VIII and X by G. N. No. 6720, Revenue, dated 22nd September 1886, *B. G. G.*, 1886, Pt. I, p. 803.